

**NINDS CDE Notice of Copyright  
National Adult Reading Test (NART)**

<b>Availability:</b>	<b>Please visit this website for more information about the instrument:</b> <a href="#">National Adult Reading Test</a>
<b>Classification:</b>	<b>Supplemental:</b> Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)
<b>Short Description of Instrument:</b>	<p><b>Purpose:</b> The National Adult Reading Test (NART) is a premorbid intellectual functioning test.</p> <p><b>Use:</b> Subjects/patients are required to read a list of phonetically atypical words outloud.</p> <p><b>Time Estimate:</b> There is no given time limit to administer this test. The subject/patient is encouraged to take their time and the examiner is encouraged to tell the subject/patient to slow down as necessary.</p>
<b>Scoring:</b>	The subject's/patient's score is determined by the sum of the subject's/patient's number of errors and number of correct items. If the subject/patient does not finish the task no score is given.
<b>Justification/Rationale:</b>	Recommended for use in Adult PDI patients/subjects.
<b>References:</b>	<p>Blair, J. R., &amp; Spreen, O. (1989). Predicting premorbid IQ: A revision of the national adult reading test. <i>The Clinical Neuropsychologist</i>, 3, 129–136.</p> <p>Brebon, G., Bressan, R. A., David, A. S., &amp; Pilowsky, L. S. (2009). Role of processing speed in premorbid IQ on visual recognition in patients with schizophrenia. <i>Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology</i>, 31, 302–311.</p> <p>Nelson, H. E., &amp; Willison, J. R. (1991). <i>The revised national adult reading test – Test manual</i>. Windsor, UK: NFER-Nelson.</p> <p>Taylor, R. (1999). National adult reading test performance in established dementia. <i>Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics</i>, 29, 291–296.</p> <p>Watt, K. J., &amp; O'Carroll, R. E. (1999). Evaluating methods for estimating premorbid intellectual ability in closed head injury. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery, and Psychiatry</i>, 66, 474–479.</p>